

## Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol Free

Concentration: 50 unit/ $\mu$ l



Cat. No.: A490012  
250000 Units

-	Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol Free 50 U/ $\mu$ l
ID No.	5101550
Colour code	Clear
Content	1 x 5 ml

### Key Features

Ampliqon Taq DNA Polymerase is a thermostable, recombinant DNA polymerase, which exhibits very high activity in primer extension and other molecular biology applications. The enzyme is isolated from *Thermus aquaticus* and has a molecular weight of approximately 94 kDa. Ampliqon Taq DNA Polymerase has a 5'→3' DNA polymerase and a 5'→3' exonuclease activity. The enzyme lacks a 3'→5' exonuclease activity (no proofreading ability). Taq DNA Polymerase leaves an A' overhang, which makes the enzyme ideal for TA cloning. We recommend using the Ampliqon Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol Free with one of the Ampliqon 10x PCR Buffers.

Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol free is ideal for freeze drying and automation.

### Kit Components

**Ampliqon Taq DNA Polymerase in Storage Buffer, Glycerol free**  
50 U/ $\mu$ l Taq, 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 100 mM KCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.5% Tween® 20, 0.5% NP40.

#### Recommended Storage and Stability

Long term storage at -20 °C. Product expiry at -20 °C is stated on the label.

Option: Store at +4 °C for up to 6 months.

#### Quality Control

Taq DNA Polymerase is tested for contaminating activities, with no traces of endonuclease activity, nicking activity or exonuclease activity.

#### Unit Definition

One unit is defined as the amount of polymerase that incorporates 10 nmoles of dNTPs into acid-precipitable DNA in 30 minutes at 72 °C under standard assay conditions.

### Protocol

This protocol serves as a guideline to ensure optimal PCR results when using Taq DNA Polymerase. Optimal reaction conditions such as incubation times, temperatures and amount of template DNA may vary and must be determined individually.

1. Thaw Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol Free, 10x Buffer, dNTP mix and primer solutions. **It is important to thaw the solutions completely (some buffers need to reach room temperature) and mix thoroughly before use to avoid localized concentrations of salts.** Keep all components on ice.
2. Set up reaction mixtures in an area separate from that used for DNA preparation or product analysis. Work on ice at all times.
3. Prepare a master mix according to Table 1. The master mix typically contains all the components needed for extension except the template DNA.

**Table 1. Reaction components (master mix and template DNA)**

Component	Vol./reaction*	Final concentration*
10x Buffer	5 $\mu$ l	1x
25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	3 $\mu$ l (0 – 9 $\mu$ l)	1.5 mM (0 – 4.5 mM)
dNTP mix (12.5 mM each)	0.8 $\mu$ l	0.2 mM of each dNTP
Primer A (10 $\mu$ M)	1 $\mu$ l (0.5 – 5 $\mu$ l)	0.2 $\mu$ M (0.1 – 1.0 $\mu$ M)
Primer B (10 $\mu$ M)	1 $\mu$ l (0.5 – 5 $\mu$ l)	0.2 $\mu$ M (0.1 – 1.0 $\mu$ M)
Taq DNA Pol. 50 U/ $\mu$ l	0.02 $\mu$ l (0.02 – 0.1 $\mu$ l)	1 unit (1 – 5 units)
PCR-grade H <sub>2</sub> O	X $\mu$ l	-
Template DNA	X $\mu$ l	genomic DNA: 50 ng (10 – 500 ng) plasmid DNA: 0.5 ng (0.1 – 1 ng) bacterial DNA: 5 ng (1 – 10 ng)
<b>TOTAL volume</b>	50 $\mu$ l	-

\* Suggested starting conditions; theoretically used conditions in brackets. The final volume can be reduced to 25  $\mu$ l by using half of the volumes suggested in Vol./reaction, eg. 0.01  $\mu$ l Taq instead of 0.02  $\mu$ l Taq.

4. Mix the master mix thoroughly and dispense appropriate volumes into reaction tubes. Mix gently, e.g. by pipetting the master mix up and down a few times.
5. Add template DNA to the individual tubes containing the master mix.
6. Program the thermal cycler according to the manufacturer's instructions.  
For maximum yield and specificity, temperatures and cycling times should be optimized for each new template target or primer pair.
7. Place the tubes in the thermal cycler and start the reaction.

### Three-step PCR program

Cycles	Duration of cycle	Temperature
1	2 – 5 minutes <sup>a</sup>	95 °C
25 – 35	20 – 30 seconds <sup>b</sup> 20 – 40 seconds <sup>c</sup> 30 seconds <sup>d</sup>	95 °C 50 – 65 °C 72 °C
1	5 minutes <sup>e</sup>	72 °C

<sup>a</sup>. Initial denaturation step (optional).

<sup>b</sup>. Denaturation step: This step is the first regular cycling event and consists of heating the reaction to 95 °C for 20 – 30 seconds. It causes melting of the DNA template by disrupting the hydrogen bonds

between complementary bases, yielding single-stranded DNA molecules.

- c. Annealing step: The reaction temperature is lowered to 50 – 65 °C for 20 – 40 seconds allowing annealing of the primers to the single-stranded DNA template. Typically, the annealing temperature is about 3 – 5 °C below the  $T_m$  (melting temperature) of the primers used.
- d. Extension/elongation step: Taq polymerase has its optimum activity temperature at 72 °C. At this step the DNA polymerase synthesizes a new DNA strand complementary to the DNA template strand. The extension time depends on the length of the DNA fragment to be amplified. As a rule of thumb, at its optimum temperature the DNA polymerase will polymerize a thousand bases per minute.
- e. Final elongation: This single step is occasionally performed at a temperature of 72 °C for 5 minutes after the last PCR cycle to ensure that any remaining single-stranded DNA is fully extended.

### Two-step PCR program

Fast 2-step PCR protocols are available using this link <https://ampliqon.com/en/pcr-technology/application-notes/>

### Notes:

- For longer DNA targets more DNA polymerase could be added to the PCR master mix.

## Related Products

Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol Free 50 U/μl	Cat. No.
• 25000 Units	<b>A490010</b>
• 250000 Units	<b>A490012</b>
• 2000000 Units	<b>A490044</b>

Taq DNA Polymerase (500 units) *	Cat. No.
Taq DNA Polymerase 5 U/μl	<b>A110003</b>
• with 10x Ammonium Buffer	<b>A111103</b>
• 5x PCR Buffer RED	<b>A111803</b>
Taq DNA Polymerase 5 U/μl, glycerol free	<b>A100003</b>
• with 10x Ammonium Buffer	<b>A101103</b>

Hot Start DNA Polymerase (500 units) *	Cat. No.
TEMPase Hot Start DNA Polymerase, 5 U/μl	<b>A220003</b>
• with 10x Ammonium Buffer	<b>A221103</b>

\*Available in kits including one or two buffers (Ammonium Buffer, Standard Buffer or Combination Buffer). All kits include extra 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>.

Buffers for DNA polymerases *	Cat. No.
10x Ammonium Buffer, 3 x 1.5 ml	<b>A301103</b>
10x Standard Buffer, 3 x 1.5 ml	<b>A302103</b>
10x Combination Buffer, 3 x 1.5 ml	<b>A303103</b>
5x PCR Buffer RED, 6 x 1,5 ml **	<b>A301810</b>

\*Ammonium Buffer, Standard Buffer and Combination Buffer are also available as Mg<sup>2+</sup> free buffers, detergent free buffers and Mg<sup>2+</sup> and detergent free buffers.

\*\*For direct gel loading and visualisation.

Taq 2x Master Mixes (500 x 50 μl reactions) *	Cat. No.
Taq OptiMix Mix Clear 2x Master Mix	<b>A370503</b>
Taq DNA Polymerase 2x Master Mix	<b>A140303</b>
Taq DNA Polymerase 2x Master Mix RED	<b>A180303</b>

\*Taq Master Mixes available also in 1.1x variants.

Ultrapure dNTPs*	Cat. No.
dNTP Mix 40 mM (2 x 500 μl): 10 mM each dA, dC, dG, dT	<b>A502004</b>
dNTP Set, 100 mM each: 250 μl of each dA, dC, dG and dT	<b>A511104</b>

\*Other concentrations and Single dNTPs are available.

Loading Buffers and Ladders	Cat. No.
5x Loading Buffer Red *, 5 x 1 ml	<b>A608104</b>
Iqon PCR Ladder **, 100 – 3000 bp, 1 x 0.5 ml	<b>A610341</b>

\* Also available with Blue, Orange or Cyan. \*\* Available in different size ranges.

Reagents for *in vitro* laboratory use only.

Other product sizes, combinations and customized solutions are available. Please look at [www.ampliqon.com](http://www.ampliqon.com) or ask for our complete product list for PCR Enzymes. For customized solutions please contact us.

**Made in Denmark**  
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